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BEFORE THE IDAHO PUBLIC UTILITIES COMMISSION

IN THE MATTER OF THE APPLICATION OF	F) CASE NO. VEO-W-22-02
VEOLIA WATER IDAHO, INC. FOR)
AUTHORITY TO INCREASE ITS RATES)
AND CHARGES FOR WATER SERVICE IN)
THE STATE OF IDAHO)
)
)
)
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REBUTTAL TESTIMONY OF MARSHALL THOMPSON FOR VEOLIA WATER IDAHO, INC.

MARCH 8, 2023

1	Q.	Please state your name, occupation and business address.
2	A.	My name is Marshall Thompson. I am the Vice President and General Manager for
3		Veolia Water Idaho, Inc. ("Veolia" or "Company"). My business address is 8248 W.
4		Victory Road, Boise, Idaho 83709.
5	Q.	Are you the same Marshall Thompson that filed direct testimony in this proceeding
6	A.	Yes.
7	Q.	What is the purpose of your rebuttal testimony?
8	A.	The purpose of my rebuttal testimony is to discuss the Direct Testimony of PUC Staff as
9		listed below:
10		• J. Bossard - Customer Notice and Press Release for this Rate Case Application.
11		J. Bossard - Company communication with the Commission regarding trends in
12		customer billing concerns.
13		J. Bossard - The Company's Cross Connection Control Program
14		• T. Johnson - rejection of 2023 increase to stand-by pay, overtime pay, and
15		employee incentives.
16		M Eldredge - Regarding AMI implementation
17		M. Eldredge - Suggested workshop
18		J York - Potential Special Contract
19	Q.	Please provide a response to J. Bossard's stated concerns that the Company's notice
20		to customers failed to identify the case number, and that the Company's press
21		release failed to notify customers that they could file comments on the case.
22	A.	The Company makes every effort to prefile notices to the extent possible. However,
23		details such as the case number were not officially known at the time of the Company's

1		rate case application filing. (The case number is assigned upon filing of the application.)
2		Future press releases from the Company will include clear public notice on the ability to
3		file comments in this rate case, as was offered to customers individually in bill messaging
4		about this case.
5	Q.	Please provide a response to J. Bossard's recommendation that the company notify
6		staff as soon as they recognize a potential large-scale issue that will affect customers.
7	A.	The Company feels that it was prompt and open with PUC consumer staff in addressing
8		these late 2022 rebilling concerns. The Company directly coordinated with staff on
9		individual complaints as early as December 2022 in initial efforts that jointly identified
10		this trend as a potentially large-scale billing issue. The Company provided further
11		clarifying information to PUC consumer staff on the rebilling situation through the
12		following month leading up to a joint meeting on this topic held January 25th.
13	Q.	What are the state of Idaho's water purveyor requirements and responsibilities
14		concerning cross connection control programs?
15	A.	Idaho rules for cross connection control program administration can be found under the
16		Department of Environmental Quality Rules for Public Drinking Water Systems (IDAPA
17		58.01.08). These regulations outline requirements for state water purveyors - public or
18		private - to implement a cross connection control program that takes reasonable and
19		prudent measures to protect the water system against contamination and pollution from
20		cross connections.

1	Q.	Does the company have a cross connection control program that has been reviewed
2		by Idaho DEQ?
3	A.	Yes it does. While Idaho DEQ does not formally "approve" cross connection control
4		programs for any water purveyor, the agency has reviewed the company's program and
5		provided comments and guidance on its structure.
6	Q.	Is J. Bossard's description of the Company's cross connection control requirements
7		tracking, and notification practices accurate?
8	A.	No, unfortunately J. Bossard's testimony was informed by misstatements in the
9		Company's response to commission production requests: No. 141 (DATABASE), 142
10		(TEST REPORTS, DISCONNECTIONS). Clarification on these points will be offered
11		later in my rebuttal testimony.
12	Q.	Should the Company follow staff's recommendations to adopt new digital tools for
13		cross connection control program administration?
14	A.	No, updating the company's response to Request No. 141, Veolia Water Idaho does in
15		fact maintain a digital database of cross connection program field activities.
16		The following table shows specific cross connection control program activities
17		tracked in the company's work management system. This table does not include
18		additional cross connection assignments conducted as part of all new in-fill and
19		development projects.

1 Cross Connection Control Program Field Activities by Type by Year

Cross Connection Prog.	2020	2021	2022*	2023 (YTD)
Cross Conn Inspection	27	33	293	62
Fire Service Connect/Disconnect	50	23	219	11
Water Truck Hydrant Inspection	20	4	0	0
Fire Hydrant Meter Request	•		74	9
Total Program Activities	97	92	586	82

^{2 *}Notes: Addition of +1 FTE Cross Connection Control Specialist and notable field inspection workload following the company's acquisition of

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Q. Would you like to update the Company's response to item (c) from Request No.

5 142?

- 6 A. Yes. The following table shows total backflow test reports (PUC Staff 'Certificates')
- 7 received by the Company per year from private testing groups since 2020. Testing has
- 8 remained balanced around an annual average of 4,378 test reports per year since 2020.
- 9 The Company is seeking to increase testing numbers with the hard-copy backflow
- awareness mailers and new communication efforts initiated in 2022.

11 Backflow Test Reports

Received by the Company	2020	2021	2022	2023 (YTD)
Email	2,716	3,050	3,368	667
Postal Mail	1,759	1,228	1,015	27
Total	4,475	4,278	4,383	694

- 12 Q. In light of the Company's miscommunication on these production requests, how
- will you ensure program details are better shared and understood in future
- 14 **commission proceedings?**

³ EWC.

The Company regrets omission of digital records on these two production responses, and
has already taken steps to ensure greater care is taken in knowledge transfer efforts
between departing and newly hired staff members. In the period from 2020-2022, the
Company's Cross Connection Control Program staff underwent 100% turn-over in all
roles from field support to program management. While new staff members did their best
to respond to the commission's production requests with the information they had access
to, they lacked full awareness of the Company's digital systems for program
management. Contributing to this were the large number of production requests in the
case and the request to respond within an expedited timeframe, sometimes as quickly as
one week after the request was filed despite the 21-day timeframe for responses allowed
under the Commission rules.

A.

In 2022, the Company initiated an internal review of its Cross Connection Control Program and will continue with that effort in 2023. The purpose of this review is to educate new managers and program staff on the State of Idaho's Cross Connection Control program requirements, and to fully detail the Company's program specifics and field reporting workflows for clarity. At the completion of this review, the Company would like to present an overview of its program to DEQ and PUC staff for clarity and alignment.

- Q. Please provide the Company's response to M. Eldred's comments regarding AMI implementation.
- A. M. Eldred, in his testimony, states "the Company's rollout of AMI meters across their service territory could have been altered to collect the necessary data". M. Eldred's statement is contrary to the work and intent of the Company's AMI roll out. AMI meters

	are installed to remotely collect volumetric readings for the purpose of volumetric billing
	and customer leak detection. While this system does provide valuable information to the
	Company for planning purposes, it is not deployed as a planning tool, nor should it be.
	Company AMI meters will be found on all new service connections, or as phased in
	replacements targeting meters based on service age or operational necessity in any given
	area of the service territory. The system's current population of AMI meters (34% of all
	meters) was shown by experts at Black and Veatch to be well above the required number
	for a statistically significant sample set needed for the Company's load study assessment.
	The Company's AMI rollout has been in progress since 2016 and will continue until
	around 2035. Like many routine investments in the company distribution infrastructure,
	AMI deployment is now considered customary and routine. Such investments would be
	bolstered and enhanced with consideration from the commission on treating them as
	eligible for DSIC style recovery mechanisms found in other state commissions.
Q.	Please provide the Company's response to M. Eldred's comments regarding a new
	load study and cost of service study and suggested workshop.
A.	As always, the Company is happy to discuss issues with Staff, including a future load
	study and cost of service study. Any such discussion would evaluate the practicality of a
	study's approach, as well the cost benefit to customers. As described in the testimony of
	Ann Bui, many of M. Eldred's suggestions were considered and found to be unworkable
	from either the standpoint of available billing data for analysis or effective justification
	for the substantial cost associated with developing new data-sets for such an effort. If the
	Commission were to include such requirements in its Order, the Company would request

1		that any associated costs from currently unspecified data gathering and analysis efforts be
2		deferred for future rate recovery.
3	Q.	Please provide the Company's response to J. York regarding a potential special
4		contract.
5	A.	No relevant information regarding Micron's future plans are included in this case. As a
6		result, there is no feasible way to determine the information necessary to determine rates
7		based upon Micron's growth which is slated to begin in 2025. When such information is
8		available, the costs associated with such plans can be determined, and incorporated into a
9		filing to be made before the Commission addressing reasonably known factors. The
10		Company is happy to discuss a potential special contract when such information is known
11		and measurable. However, without such information, the Company believes this case is
12		not the venue to develop speculative rates.
13	Q.	Does this conclude your rebuttal testimony?

14

A.

Yes.